

## TWISTOR INTEGRAL REPRESENTATIONS OF SOLUTIONS OF THE SUB-LAPLACIAN

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**Abstract.** The twistor integral representations of solutions of the Laplacian on the complex space are well-known. The purpose of this article is to generalize the results above to that of the sub-Laplacian on the odd-dimensional complex space with the standard contact structure.

### Introduction

The twistor integral representations of solutions of the complex Laplacian on the complex space  $\mathbb{C}^{2n}$  of even dimension  $2n$  are well-known. We also showed them on  $\mathbb{C}^{2n-1}$  of odd dimension  $2n - 1$  before. The purpose of this article is to generalize the results above to that of the complex sub-Laplacian on  $\mathbb{C}^{2n-1}$  with the standard contact structure. The details and further discussion will appear elsewhere.

Let  $(x_i, y_i, z)$   $i = 1, \dots, n-1$  be the standard coordinate system of  $\mathbb{M} = \mathbb{C}^{2n-1}$ . We give  $\mathbb{M}$  a contact structure defined by

$$\theta = dz - \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (y_i dx_i - x_i dy_i)$$

called a contact form. The contact distribution  $D$  on  $\mathbb{M}$  is defined by  $\theta = 0$ . The vector fields

$$X_i = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} + y_i \frac{\partial}{\partial z}, \quad Y_i = \frac{\partial}{\partial y_i} - x_i \frac{\partial}{\partial z}, \quad i = 1, \dots, n-1$$

furnish a basis of  $D$ . Let us join  $Z = \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$  to them. By  $[Y_i, X_i] = 2Z$ ;  $i = 1, \dots, n-1$  they form a basis of the Heisenberg algebra.